

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2022  
OR**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_**

**Commission File Number: 000-25131**

**BLUCORA™**

**Blucora, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

**91-1718107**

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**3200 Olympus Blvd, Suite 100, Dallas, Texas 75019**

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

**(972) 870-6400**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:**

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
<b>Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share</b>	<b>BCOR</b>	<b>NASDAQ Global Select Market</b>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.  Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files).  Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

As of August 2, 2022, 47,746,176 shares of the registrant's Common Stock were outstanding.

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*This report includes some of the trademarks, trade names, and service marks of Blucora, Inc. (referred to throughout this report as “Blucora,” the “Company,” “we,” “us,” or “our”), including Blucora, Avantax Wealth Management, Avantax Planning Partners, Avantax Retirement Plan Services, HD Vest, 1st Global, HKFS, and TaxAct. Each one of these trademarks, trade names, or service marks is either (i) our registered trademark, (ii) a trademark for which we have a pending application, (iii) a trade name or service mark for which we claim common law rights, or (iv) a registered trademark or application for registration that we have been authorized by a third party to use.*

*Solely for convenience, the trademarks, service marks, and trade names included in this report are without the ®, ™ or other applicable symbols, but such references are not intended to indicate, in any way, that we will not assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, our rights or the rights of the applicable licensors to these trademarks, service marks, and trade names. This report may also include additional trademarks, service marks, and trade names of others, which are the property of their respective owners. All trademarks, service marks, and trade names included in this report are, to our knowledge, the property of their respective owners.*

*References to our or our subsidiaries' website addresses or the website addresses of third parties in this report do not constitute incorporation by reference of the information contained on such websites and should not be considered part of this report.*

## CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q ("**Form 10-Q**") contains forward-looking statements, within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, that involve risks and uncertainties. Many of the forward-looking statements are located in Part I, Item 2 of this Form 10-Q under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." Forward-looking statements provide current expectations of future events based on certain assumptions and include any statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. Forward-looking statements can also be identified by words such as "anticipates," "believes," "plans," "expects," "future," "intends," "may," "will," "would," "could," "should," "estimates," "predicts," "potential," "continues," "target," "outlook," and similar terms and expressions, but the absence of these words does not mean that the statement is not forward-looking. Actual results may differ significantly from management's expectations due to various risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to:

- our ability to effectively compete within our industries;
- our ability to generate strong performance for our clients and the impact of the financial markets on our clients' portfolios;
- our expectations concerning the revenues we generate from fees associated with the financial products that we distribute;
- our ability to attract and retain financial professionals, employees, clients, and customers, as well as our ability to provide strong customer/client service;
- the impact of the continuing COVID-19 pandemic on our results of operations and our business, including the impact of the resulting economic and market disruption, the extension of tax filing deadlines and other related government actions, and changes in customer behavior related to the foregoing;
- our future capital requirements and the availability of financing, if necessary;
- our ability to meet our current and future debt service obligations, including our ability to maintain compliance with our debt covenants;
- any downgrade of the Company's credit ratings;
- the impact of new or changing legislation and regulations (or interpretations thereof) on our business, including our ability to successfully address and comply with such legislation and regulations (or interpretations thereof) and increased costs, reductions of revenue, and potential fines, penalties, or disgorgement to which we may be subject as a result thereof;
- risks, burdens, and costs, including fines, penalties, or disgorgement, associated with our business being subjected to regulatory inquiries, investigations, or initiatives, including those of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "**SEC**");
- risks associated with legal proceedings, including litigation and regulatory proceedings;
- our ability to close, finance, and realize all of the anticipated benefits of acquisitions, as well as our ability to integrate the operations of recently acquired businesses, and the potential impact of such acquisitions on our existing indebtedness and leverage;
- our ability to retain employees and acquired client assets following acquisitions;
- any compromise of confidentiality, availability or integrity of information, including cyberattacks;
- our ability to manage leadership and employee transitions, including costs and time burdens on management and our board of directors related thereto;
- political and economic conditions and events that directly or indirectly impact the wealth management and tax software industries;
- our ability to maintain our relationships with third-party partners, providers, suppliers, vendors, distributors, contractors, financial institutions, industry associations, and licensing partners, and our expectations regarding and reliance on the products, tools, platforms, systems, and services provided by these third parties;
- our ability to respond to rapid technological changes, including our ability to successfully release new products and services or improve upon existing products and services;
- risks related to goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment;

- *our ability to develop, establish, and maintain strong brands;*
- *risks associated with the use and implementation of information technology and the effect of security breaches, computer viruses, and computer hacking attacks;*
- *our ability to comply with laws and regulations regarding privacy and protection of user data;*
- *the seasonality of our business;*
- *our assessments and estimates that determine our effective tax rate;*
- *our ability to protect our intellectual property and the impact of any claim that we infringed on the intellectual property rights of others; and*
- *the effects on our business of actions of activist stockholders.*

*Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may cause our results, levels of activity, performance, achievements, and prospects to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks, uncertainties, and other factors include, among others, the risk factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, as well as in our other filings with the SEC. All forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Form 10-Q. We do not undertake any obligation and do not intend to update or revise any forward-looking statement to reflect new information, events, or circumstances after the date of this Form 10-Q or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as required by law.*

**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Financial Statements**

**BLUCORA, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2021
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 171,297	\$ 134,824
Accounts receivable, net	20,351	21,906
Commissions and advisory fees receivable	21,214	25,073
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	17,697	18,476
Total current assets	<u>230,559</u>	<u>200,279</u>
Long-term assets:		
Property, equipment, and software, net	75,741	73,638
Right-of-use assets, net	19,879	20,466
Goodwill, net	454,821	454,821
Acquired intangible assets, net	291,540	302,289
Other long-term assets	26,547	20,450
Total long-term assets	<u>868,528</u>	<u>871,664</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,099,087</u>	<u>\$ 1,071,943</u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 6,962	\$ 8,216
Commissions and advisory fees payable	13,814	17,940
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	54,707	65,678
Current deferred revenue	6,328	13,180
Current lease liabilities	5,025	4,896
Current portion of long-term debt	1,812	1,812
Total current liabilities	<u>88,648</u>	<u>111,722</u>
Long-term liabilities:		
Long-term debt, net	553,476	553,134
Long-term lease liabilities	31,795	33,267
Deferred tax liabilities, net	19,125	20,124
Long-term deferred revenue	4,859	5,322
Other long-term liabilities	11,731	6,752
Total long-term liabilities	<u>620,986</u>	<u>618,599</u>
Total liabilities	<u>709,634</u>	<u>730,321</u>
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share—900,000 shares authorized; 50,921 shares issued and 47,740 shares outstanding as of June 30, 2022; 50,137 shares issued and 48,831 shares outstanding at December 31, 2021	5	5
Additional paid-in capital	1,628,591	1,619,805
Accumulated deficit	(1,175,744)	(1,249,789)
Treasury stock, at cost—3,181 shares as of June 30, 2022 and 1,306 shares as of December 31, 2021	(63,399)	(28,399)
Total stockholders' equity	<u>389,453</u>	<u>341,622</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 1,099,087</u>	<u>\$ 1,071,943</u>

See accompanying notes.

**BLUCORA, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
(Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
<b>Revenue:</b>				
Wealth Management	\$ 162,669	\$ 162,395	\$ 329,072	\$ 316,886
Tax Software	94,214	91,917	235,364	215,809
Total revenue	<u>256,883</u>	<u>254,312</u>	<u>564,436</u>	<u>532,695</u>
<b>Operating expenses:</b>				
Cost of revenue:				
Wealth Management	113,644	113,910	233,518	222,533
Tax Software	6,873	4,429	16,299	10,007
Total cost of revenue	<u>120,517</u>	<u>118,339</u>	<u>249,817</u>	<u>232,540</u>
Engineering and technology	8,620	7,231	17,124	14,359
Sales and marketing	47,508	34,848	131,911	112,410
General and administrative	26,646	23,832	55,721	48,517
Acquisition and integration	(6,792)	18,169	(5,126)	26,272
Depreciation	3,137	3,204	6,068	5,504
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	6,462	7,063	13,093	14,238
Total operating expenses	<u>206,098</u>	<u>212,686</u>	<u>468,608</u>	<u>453,840</u>
Operating income	50,785	41,626	95,828	78,855
Interest expense and other, net	(8,117)	(8,024)	(15,958)	(15,907)
Income before income taxes	42,668	33,602	79,870	62,948
Income tax expense	(3,243)	(1,994)	(5,825)	(3,694)
Net income	<u>\$ 39,425</u>	<u>\$ 31,608</u>	<u>\$ 74,045</u>	<u>\$ 59,254</u>
<b>Net income per share:</b>				
Basic	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.65	\$ 1.54	\$ 1.22
Diluted	\$ 0.81	\$ 0.64	\$ 1.50	\$ 1.20
<b>Weighted average shares outstanding:</b>				
Basic	47,582	48,508	48,048	48,384
Diluted	48,690	49,385	49,220	49,241

See accompanying notes.

**BLUCORA, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
(Unaudited) (In thousands)

	Common stock		Additional paid-in capital	Accumulated deficit	Treasury stock		Total
	Shares	Amount			Shares	Amount	
Balance as of December 31, 2021	50,137	\$ 5	\$ 1,619,805	\$ (1,249,789)	1,306	\$ (28,399)	\$ 341,622
Common stock issued pursuant to stock incentive and employee stock purchase plans	247	—	96	—	—	—	96
Stock repurchases	—	—	—	—	1,645	(30,537)	(30,537)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	4,641	—	—	—	4,641
Tax payments from shares withheld for equity awards	—	—	(1,569)	—	—	—	(1,569)
Net income	—	—	—	34,620	—	—	34,620
Balance as of March 31, 2022	50,384	\$ 5	\$ 1,622,973	\$ (1,215,169)	2,951	\$ (58,936)	\$ 348,873
Common stock issued pursuant to stock incentive and employee stock purchase plans	537	—	2,402	—	—	—	2,402
Stock repurchases	—	—	—	—	230	(4,463)	(4,463)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	3,683	—	—	—	3,683
Tax payments from shares withheld for equity awards	—	—	(467)	—	—	—	(467)
Net income	—	—	—	39,425	—	—	39,425
Balance as of June 30, 2022	50,921	\$ 5	\$ 1,628,591	\$ (1,175,744)	3,181	\$ (63,399)	\$ 389,453

  

	Common stock		Additional paid-in capital	Accumulated deficit	Treasury stock		Total
	Shares	Amount			Shares	Amount	
Balance as of December 31, 2020	49,483	\$ 5	\$ 1,598,230	\$ (1,257,546)	1,306	\$ (28,399)	\$ 312,290
Common stock issued pursuant to stock incentive and employee stock purchase plans	132	—	63	—	—	—	63
Stock-based compensation	—	—	5,520	—	—	—	5,520
Tax payments from shares withheld for equity awards	—	—	(865)	—	—	—	(865)
Net income	—	—	—	27,646	—	—	27,646
Balance as of March 31, 2021	49,615	\$ 5	\$ 1,602,948	\$ (1,229,900)	1,306	\$ (28,399)	\$ 344,654
Common stock issued pursuant to stock incentive and employee stock purchase plans	347	—	1,989	—	—	—	1,989
Stock-based compensation	—	—	4,720	—	—	—	4,720
Tax payments from shares withheld for equity awards	—	—	(464)	—	—	—	(464)
Net income	—	—	—	31,608	—	—	31,608
Balance as of June 30, 2021	49,962	\$ 5	\$ 1,609,193	\$ (1,198,292)	1,306	\$ (28,399)	\$ 382,507

See accompanying notes.

**BLUCORA, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(Unaudited) (In thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
<b>Operating activities:</b>		
Net income	\$ 74,045	\$ 59,254
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:</b>		
Depreciation and amortization of acquired intangible assets	22,769	21,583
Stock-based compensation	11,423	10,770
Change in the fair value of acquisition-related contingent consideration	(5,320)	17,800
Reduction of right-of-use lease assets	715	1,420
Deferred income taxes	(999)	(963)
Amortization of debt discount and issuance costs	1,379	1,301
Accretion of lease liabilities	1,020	1,046
Other non-cash items	2,574	481
<b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and disposals:</b>		
Accounts receivable, net	1,666	(5,948)
Commissions and advisory fees receivable	3,859	(530)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,776	(4,057)
Other long-term assets	(8,804)	(9,239)
Accounts payable	(1,254)	874
Commissions and advisory fees payable	(4,316)	149
Lease liabilities	(2,491)	(431)
Deferred revenue	(7,315)	(7,677)
Accrued expenses and other current and long-term liabilities	(5,064)	11,438
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>85,663</u>	<u>97,271</u>
<b>Investing activities:</b>		
Purchases of property, equipment, and software	(11,790)	(13,544)
Asset acquisitions	(1,858)	(881)
Net cash used by investing activities	<u>(13,648)</u>	<u>(14,425)</u>
<b>Financing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from credit facilities, net of debt discount and issuance costs	—	(502)
Payments on credit facilities	(906)	(906)
Acquisition-related contingent consideration payments	(98)	—
Stock repurchases	(35,000)	—
Proceeds from stock option exercises	174	284
Proceeds from issuance of stock through employee stock purchase plan	2,324	1,845
Tax payments from shares withheld for equity awards	(2,036)	(1,329)
Net cash used by financing activities	<u>(35,542)</u>	<u>(608)</u>
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	36,473	82,238
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period	134,824	150,762
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period	<u>\$ 171,297</u>	<u>\$ 233,000</u>
<b>Supplemental cash flow information:</b>		
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 1,958	\$ 596
Cash paid for interest	\$ 14,301	\$ 14,324

See accompanying notes.

**BLUCORA, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(Unaudited)**

**Note 1: Description of the Business**

Blucora, Inc. (the “**Company**,” “**Blucora**,” “**we**,” “**our**,” or “**us**”) operates two primary businesses: the Wealth Management business and the digital Tax Software business.

*Wealth Management*

Our Wealth Management business consists of the operations of Avantax Wealth Management and Avantax Planning Partners (collectively, the “**Wealth Management business**” or the “**Wealth Management segment**”).

Avantax Wealth Management provides tax-focused wealth management solutions for financial professionals, tax professionals, certified public accounting (“**CPA**”) firms, and their clients. Avantax Wealth Management offers its services through its registered broker-dealer, registered investment advisor (“**RIA**”), and insurance agency subsidiaries and is a leading U.S. tax-focused independent broker-dealer. Avantax Wealth Management works with a nationwide network of financial professionals that operate as independent contractors. Avantax Wealth Management provides these financial professionals with an integrated platform of technical, practice, compliance, operations, sales, and product support tools that enable them to offer tax-advantaged planning, investing, and wealth management services to their clients.

Avantax Planning Partners is an in-house/employee-based RIA, insurance agency, and wealth management business that partners with CPA firms in order to provide their consumer and small business clients with holistic financial planning and advisory services, as well as retirement plan solutions through Avantax Retirement Plan Services. Avantax Planning Partners formerly operated as Honkamp Krueger Financial Services, Inc. (“**HKFS**”). We acquired HKFS in July 2020 (the “**HKFS Acquisition**”) and subsequently rebranded it in order to create tighter brand alignment through one common and recognizable brand. Any reference to Avantax Planning Partners in this Form 10-Q is inclusive of HKFS.

*Tax Software*

Our Tax Software business consists of the operations of TaxAct, Inc. (“**TaxAct**,” the “**Tax Software business**,” or the “**Tax Software segment**”) and provides digital tax preparation services and ancillary services for consumers, small business owners, and tax professionals through its website [www.TaxAct.com](http://www.TaxAct.com) and its mobile applications.

Our Tax Software segment is highly seasonal with a significant portion of its annual revenue typically earned in the first two quarters of the fiscal year. During the third and fourth quarters of the fiscal year, the Tax Software segment typically reports losses because revenue from the segment is minimal while core operating expenses continue.

*Segments*

We have two reportable segments: (1) the Wealth Management segment and (2) the Tax Software segment.

**Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*Interim Financial Information*

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by us under the rules and regulations of the SEC for interim financial reporting. These condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and, in management’s opinion, include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments and accruals, necessary for a fair presentation of the condensed consolidated financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles (“**GAAP**”) have been omitted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes in Part II, Item 8 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

A summary of our significant accounting policies is included in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021. There have been no significant changes in our significant accounting policies since December 31, 2021.

### Note 3: Segment Information and Revenue

We have two reportable segments: (1) the Wealth Management segment and (2) the Tax Software segment. Our Chief Executive Officer is the chief operating decision maker and reviews financial information presented on a disaggregated basis. This information is used for purposes of allocating resources and evaluating financial performance.

We do not allocate certain general and administrative costs (including personnel and overhead costs), stock-based compensation, acquisition and integration costs, depreciation, amortization of acquired intangible assets, or contested proxy and other legal and consulting costs to the reportable segments. Such amounts are reflected under the heading "Corporate-level activity." In addition, we do not allocate interest expense and other, net, or income taxes to the reportable segments. We do not report assets or capital expenditures by segment to the chief operating decision maker.

Information on reportable segments currently presented to our chief operating decision maker and a reconciliation to consolidated net income are presented below (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenue:				
Wealth Management	\$ 162,669	\$ 162,395	\$ 329,072	\$ 316,886
Tax Software	94,214	91,917	235,364	215,809
Total revenue	<u>256,883</u>	<u>254,312</u>	<u>564,436</u>	<u>532,695</u>
Operating income (loss):				
Wealth Management	15,873	21,396	32,294	40,792
Tax Software	53,859	63,448	111,889	114,336
Corporate-level activity	(18,947)	(43,218)	(48,355)	(76,273)
Total operating income	<u>50,785</u>	<u>41,626</u>	<u>95,828</u>	<u>78,855</u>
Interest expense and other, net	(8,117)	(8,024)	(15,958)	(15,907)
Income before income taxes	42,668	33,602	79,870	62,948
Income tax expense	(3,243)	(1,994)	(5,825)	(3,694)
Net income	<u>\$ 39,425</u>	<u>\$ 31,608</u>	<u>\$ 74,045</u>	<u>\$ 59,254</u>

### Wealth Management Revenue Recognition

Wealth management revenue primarily consists of advisory revenue, commission revenue, asset-based revenue, and transaction and fee revenue.

Revenues by major category within the Wealth Management segment and the timing of Wealth Management revenue recognition was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
<i>Recognized upon transaction:</i>				
Commission	\$ 17,881	\$ 21,076	\$ 38,505	\$ 43,443
Transaction and fee	1,262	1,192	2,506	2,566
Total revenue recognized upon transaction	\$ 19,143	\$ 22,268	\$ 41,011	\$ 46,009
<i>Recognized over time:</i>				
Advisory	\$ 104,155	\$ 96,508	\$ 211,324	\$ 187,627
Commission	24,954	30,626	51,985	60,793
Asset-based	6,964	5,526	12,627	10,855
Transaction and fee	7,453	7,467	12,125	11,602
Total revenue recognized over time	\$ 143,526	\$ 140,127	\$ 288,061	\$ 270,877
<i>Total Wealth Management revenue:</i>				
Advisory	\$ 104,155	\$ 96,508	\$ 211,324	\$ 187,627
Commission	42,835	51,702	90,490	104,236
Asset-based	6,964	5,526	12,627	10,855
Transaction and fee	8,715	8,659	14,631	14,168
Total Wealth Management revenue	\$ 162,669	\$ 162,395	\$ 329,072	\$ 316,886

### Tax Software Revenue Recognition

We generate Tax Software revenue from the sale of digital tax preparation services, packaged tax preparation software, ancillary services, and multiple element arrangements that may include a combination of these items.

Revenues by major category within the Tax Software segment and the timing of Tax Software revenue recognition was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
<i>Recognized upon transaction:</i>				
Consumer	\$ 90,963	\$ 88,846	\$ 216,224	\$ 199,413
Professional	2,164	2,128	15,948	14,255
Total revenue recognized upon transaction	\$ 93,127	\$ 90,974	\$ 232,172	\$ 213,668
<i>Recognized over time:</i>				
Consumer	\$ 64	\$ —	\$ 64	\$ —
Professional	1,023	943	3,128	2,141
Total revenue recognized over time	\$ 1,087	\$ 943	\$ 3,192	\$ 2,141
<i>Total Tax Software revenue:</i>				
Consumer	\$ 91,027	\$ 88,846	\$ 216,288	\$ 199,413
Professional	3,187	3,071	19,076	16,396
Total Tax Software revenue	\$ 94,214	\$ 91,917	\$ 235,364	\$ 215,809

### Note 4: Asset Acquisitions

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, we completed acquisitions in our Wealth Management business that met the criteria to be accounted for as asset acquisitions. Total initial purchase consideration, including acquisition costs and fixed deferred payments, was \$2.2 million. This purchase consideration was allocated to the

acquired assets, primarily customer relationship intangibles. Customer relationship intangibles are amortized on a straight-line basis over an amortization period of 15 years.

We are subject to variable contingent consideration payments related to our asset acquisitions that are not recognized as a liability on our condensed consolidated balance sheets until all contingencies related to the achievement of future financial targets are resolved and the consideration is paid. As of June 30, 2022, the maximum future fixed and contingent payments associated with all prior asset acquisitions were \$19.2 million, with specified payment dates from 2022 through 2026.

#### Note 5: Debt

Our debt consisted of the following as of the periods indicated in the table below (in thousands):

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
	<b>Senior Secured Credit Facility</b>	
Principal outstanding	\$ 560,438	\$ 561,344
Unamortized debt issuance costs	(2,714)	(3,371)
Unamortized debt discount	(2,436)	(3,027)
Net carrying value	<u>\$ 555,288</u>	<u>\$ 554,946</u>

In May 2017, we entered into a credit agreement (as the same has been amended, the **“Credit Agreement”**) with a syndicate of lenders that provides for a term loan facility (the **“Term Loan”**) and a revolving line of credit (including a letter of credit sub-facility) (the **“Revolver”**) for working capital, capital expenditures, and general business purposes (as amended, the **“Senior Secured Credit Facility”**). The Term Loan has a maturity date of May 22, 2024 (the **“Term Loan Maturity Date”**). On April 26, 2021, to ensure adequate liquidity and flexibility to support the Company’s growth, we entered into Amendment No. 5 to the Credit Agreement (the **“Credit Agreement Amendment”**). Pursuant to the Credit Agreement Amendment, the Credit Agreement was amended to, among other things, refinance the existing \$65.0 million Revolver and add \$25.0 million of additional revolving credit commitments, for an aggregate principal amount of \$90.0 million in revolving credit commitments (the **“New Revolver”**). The New Revolver has a maturity date of February 21, 2024 (the **“New Revolver Maturity Date”**).

The Company capitalized approximately \$0.5 million of debt issuance costs paid in connection with the Credit Agreement Amendment, which are included in other long-term assets on the Company’s condensed consolidated balance sheets as part of the total deferred financing costs associated with the New Revolver.

As of June 30, 2022, the Senior Secured Credit Facility provided for up to \$765.0 million of borrowings and consisted of a committed \$90.0 million under the New Revolver and a \$675.0 million Term Loan. As of June 30, 2022, we had \$560.4 million in principal amount outstanding under the Term Loan and no amounts outstanding under the New Revolver. Based on aggregate loan commitments as of June 30, 2022, approximately \$90.0 million was available for future borrowings under the Senior Secured Credit Facility, subject to customary terms and conditions.

The Company is required to make mandatory annual prepayments on the Term Loan in certain circumstances, including in the event that the Company generates Excess Cash Flow (as defined in the Credit Agreement) in a given fiscal year. The Credit Agreement permits the Company to voluntarily prepay the Term Loan without premium or penalty. In addition, the Company is required to make principal amortization payments on the Term Loan quarterly on the last business day of each March, June, September, and December, in an amount equal to approximately \$0.5 million (subject to reduction for prepayments), with the remaining principal amount of the Term Loan due on the Term Loan Maturity Date. On August 5, 2022, and as provided for within our Senior Secured Credit Facility, we voluntarily prepaid \$35.0 million of principal outstanding under our Term Loan. We also settled the accrued and unpaid interest on the applicable principal outstanding up to, but not including, the date of prepayment.

The interest rate on the Term Loan is variable at the London Interbank Offered Rate (subject to a floor of 1.0%), plus the applicable interest rate margin of 4.0% for Eurodollar Rate Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement) and 3.0% for ABR Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement). As of June 30, 2022, the applicable interest rate on the Term Loan was 5.0%. Depending on the Consolidated First Lien Net Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Credit Agreement), the applicable interest rate margin on the New Revolver ranges from 2.0% to 2.5% for Eurodollar Rate Loans and 1.0% to 1.5% for ABR Loans. The Company is required to pay a commitment fee on the undrawn commitment under the New Revolver in a percentage that is dependent on the Consolidated First Lien Net

Leverage Ratio that ranges from 0.35% to 0.4%. Interest is payable at the end of each interest period, typically quarterly.

Obligations under the Senior Secured Credit Facility are guaranteed by certain of the Company's subsidiaries and secured by substantially all the assets of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries (including certain subsidiaries acquired in the acquisition of Avantax Planning Partners and certain other material subsidiaries). The Senior Secured Credit Facility includes financial and operating covenants (including a Consolidated Total Net Leverage Ratio), which are set forth in detail in the Credit Agreement.

Pursuant to the Credit Agreement Amendment, if the Company's usage of the New Revolver exceeds 30% of the aggregate commitments under the New Revolver on the last day of any calendar quarter, the Company shall not permit the Consolidated Total Net Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Credit Agreement) to exceed (i) 4.75 to 1.00 for the period beginning on April 1, 2021 and ending on December 31, 2021, (ii) 4.25 to 1.00 for the period beginning on January 1, 2022 and ending on September 30, 2022, (iii) 4.00 to 1.00 for the period beginning on October 1, 2022 and ending on December 31, 2022, and (iv) 3.50 to 1.00 for the period beginning on January 1, 2023 and ending on February 21, 2024.

Except as described above, the New Revolver has substantially the same terms as the previous Revolver, including certain covenants and events of default. The Company was in compliance with the debt covenants of the Senior Secured Credit Facility as of June 30, 2022.

## Note 6: Leases

Our leases are primarily related to office space and are classified as operating leases. Operating lease cost, net of sublease income, is recognized in "General and administrative" expense for those net costs related to leases used in our operations and within "Acquisition and integration" expense for those net costs related to an unoccupied lease assumed in a previous acquisition on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Operating lease cost, net of sublease income, and cash paid on operating lease liabilities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Fixed lease cost	\$ 947	\$ 1,099	\$ 1,920	\$ 2,253
Variable lease cost	363	102	765	245
Operating lease cost, before sublease income	1,310	1,201	2,685	2,498
Sublease income	(234)	(116)	(468)	(232)
Total operating lease cost, net of sublease income	\$ 1,076	\$ 1,085	\$ 2,217	\$ 2,266
Additional lease information:				
Cash paid on operating lease liabilities	\$ 1,262	\$ 228	\$ 2,491	\$ 445
Lease liabilities obtained from new right-of-use assets	\$ 128	\$ 93	\$ 128	\$ 93

Right-of-use assets and operating lease liabilities were recorded on the condensed consolidated balance sheets as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Right-of-use assets, net	\$ 19,879	\$ 20,466
Current lease liabilities	\$ 5,025	\$ 4,896
Long-term lease liabilities	31,795	33,267
Total operating lease liabilities	\$ 36,820	\$ 38,163
Weighted-average remaining lease term (in years)	9.9	10.3
Weighted-average discount rate	5.4 %	5.4 %

The maturities of our operating lease liabilities as of June 30, 2022 were as follows (in thousands):

Undiscounted cash flows:		
Remainder of 2022	\$	2,583
2023		5,226
2024		5,121
2025		5,023
2026		4,193
Thereafter		26,130
Total undiscounted cash flows		48,276
Imputed interest		(11,456)
Present value of cash flows	\$	36,820

## Note 7: Balance Sheet Components

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consisted of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Prepaid expenses	\$ 12,260	\$ 13,138
Other current assets	5,437	5,338
Total prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 17,697	\$ 18,476

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities consisted of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Salaries and related benefit expenses	\$ 17,151	\$ 26,417
HKFS Contingent Consideration liability <sup>(1)</sup>	22,980	28,300
Accrued legal costs	1,512	2,871
Accrued vendor and advertising costs	3,337	3,777
Accrued taxes	5,495	—
Other	4,232	4,313
Total accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$ 54,707	\$ 65,678

(1) For more information on the Company's contingent liabilities, see "Note 8—Commitments and Contingencies."

## Note 8: Commitments and Contingencies

### HKFS Contingent Consideration Liability

On July 1, 2020, we closed the acquisition of Avantax Planning Partners, formerly "HKFS", for an upfront cash purchase price of \$104.4 million. The purchase price was subject to variable contingent consideration, or earn-out payments (the "**HKFS Contingent Consideration**") totaling a maximum of \$60.0 million.

The HKFS Contingent Consideration to be paid is determined based on advisory asset levels and the achievement of certain performance goals (i) for the period beginning July 1, 2020 and ending June 30, 2021 and (ii) for the period beginning July 1, 2021 and ending June 30, 2022. Pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of January 6, 2020, by and among the Company, HKFS, the selling stockholders named therein (the "**Sellers**"), and JRD Seller Representative, LLC, as the Sellers' representative (as amended on April 7, 2020, June 30, 2020, and June 29, 2021) (the "**HKFS Purchase Agreement**"), the maximum aggregate amount that we would be required to pay for each earn-out period is \$30.0 million. If the asset market values on the applicable measurement date fall below certain specified thresholds, no payment of consideration is owed to the Sellers for such period.

Based on advisory asset levels and the achievement of performance goals for the first earn-out period, we paid the full \$30.0 million to the Sellers in the third quarter of 2021. Based on ending advisory asset levels and the achievement of performance goals specified in the HKFS Purchase Agreement, the fair value of the HKFS Contingent Consideration for the second earn-out period was \$23.0 million as of June 30, 2022 and is expected to

be paid in the third quarter of 2022. For additional information on the valuation of the HKFS Contingent Consideration liability, see "Note 9—Fair Value Measurements."

### Litigation

From time to time, we are subject to various legal proceedings, regulatory matters or fines, or claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. We accrue a liability when management believes that it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Although we believe that resolving such claims, individually or in aggregate, will not have a material adverse impact on our financial statements, these matters are subject to inherent uncertainties.

We are not currently a party to any such matters for which we have recognized a material liability on our condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2022.

We have entered into indemnification agreements in the ordinary course of business with our officers and directors. Pursuant to these agreements, we may be obligated to advance payment of legal fees and costs incurred by the defendants pursuant to our obligations under these indemnification agreements and applicable Delaware law.

### Note 9: Fair Value Measurements

Certain of our assets and liabilities are carried at fair value and are valued using inputs that are classified in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market-based inputs, other than Level 1, or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data and reflect our own assumptions.

### Assets and Liabilities Measured on a Recurring Basis

The fair value hierarchy of our financial assets and liabilities carried at estimated fair value and measured on a recurring basis were as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2022	Fair value measurements at the reporting date using		
		Quoted prices in active markets using identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Cash equivalents: money market and other funds	\$ 4,302	\$ 4,302	\$ —	\$ —
Deferred compensation assets	2,554	2,554	—	—
<b>Total assets at fair value</b>	<b>\$ 6,856</b>	<b>\$ 6,856</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>
HKFS Contingent Consideration liability	\$ 22,980	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 22,980
Deferred compensation liabilities	2,554	2,554	—	—
<b>Total liabilities at fair value</b>	<b>\$ 25,534</b>	<b>\$ 2,554</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 22,980</b>

  

	December 31, 2021	Fair value measurements at the reporting date using		
		Quoted prices in active markets using identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Cash equivalents: money market and other funds	\$ 4,293	\$ 4,293	\$ —	\$ —
<b>Total assets at fair value</b>	<b>\$ 4,293</b>	<b>\$ 4,293</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>
HKFS Contingent Consideration liability	\$ 28,300	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 28,300
<b>Total liabilities at fair value</b>	<b>\$ 28,300</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 28,300</b>

Cash equivalents are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy because we value them utilizing quoted prices in active markets.

We offer non-qualified deferred compensation plans to our executive officers, board of directors, and certain independent financial professionals. Participants in these plans direct the investment of their accounts among the available investment options, which are generally the same as those available under our 401(k) plan. We have elected to fund these obligations through a rabbi trust which mirrors the investment elections made by participants. The assets in the rabbi trust are held for the purpose of satisfying our obligations to participants, however, remain subject to the claims of our creditors in the event we become insolvent. Our obligations and corresponding investments held under these non-qualified deferred compensation plans primarily consist of money market and mutual funds and are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy because we value them utilizing quoted prices in active markets. These investments, and the corresponding deferred compensation liabilities, are included within “Other long-term assets” and “Other long-term liabilities”, respectively, on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The HKFS Contingent Consideration liability relates to post-closing earn-out payments resulting from the acquisition of Avantax Planning Partners, formerly “HKFS” (see “Note 8—Commitments and Contingencies”). The fair value of the HKFS Contingent Consideration liability as of June 30, 2022 was calculated in accordance with the amended HKFS Purchase Agreement and was based on advisory asset levels as of June 30, 2022 (the measurement date for the second earn-out payment). Prior to this measurement date, the estimated fair value of the HKFS Contingent Consideration liability was determined using a Monte Carlo simulation model and certain Level 3 inputs previously disclosed within our Annual Report on Form 10-K. The HKFS Contingent Consideration liability is included in “Accrued expenses and other current liabilities” on the condensed consolidated balance sheets and is expected to be paid in the third quarter of 2022.

A roll forward of the HKFS Contingent Consideration liability is as follows (in thousands):

	<b>HKFS Contingent Consideration liability</b>
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$ 35,900
HKFS Contingent Consideration first earn-out payment	(30,000)
Change in fair value	22,400
Balance as of December 31, 2021	28,300
Change in fair value	(5,320)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ 22,980

Changes in the fair value of this contingent consideration are reflected in “Acquisition and integration” on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

#### *Fair Value of Financial Instruments*

We consider the carrying values of accounts receivable, commissions receivable, other receivables, prepaid expenses, other current assets, financial professional loans, accounts payable, commissions and advisory fees payable, accrued expenses, and other current liabilities to approximate fair values primarily due to their short-term natures.

As of June 30, 2022, the Term Loan’s principal amount was \$560.4 million, and the fair value of the Term Loan’s principal amount was \$540.8 million. As of December 31, 2021, the Term Loan’s principal amount was \$561.3 million, and the fair value of the Term Loan’s principal amount was \$559.9 million. The fair value of the Term Loan’s principal amount was based on Level 2 inputs from a third-party market quotation.

## Note 10: Interest Expense and Other, Net

“Interest expense and other, net” on the condensed consolidated statements of operations consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Interest expense	\$ 7,265	\$ 7,302	\$ 14,395	\$ 14,485
Amortization of debt issuance costs	399	377	788	740
Amortization of debt discount	299	284	591	561
Total interest expense	7,963	7,963	15,774	15,786
Interest income and other	154	61	184	121
Interest expense and other, net	\$ 8,117	\$ 8,024	\$ 15,958	\$ 15,907

## Note 11: Income Taxes

For 2022, our provision for income taxes in interim periods is based on our estimated annual effective tax rate. We record cumulative adjustments in the quarter in which a change in the estimated annual effective rate is determined. The estimated annual effective tax rate does not include the effects of discrete events that may occur during the year. The effect of these events, if any, is recorded in the quarter in which the event occurs.

We recorded income tax expense of \$3.2 million and \$5.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively. We recorded income tax expense of \$2.0 million and \$3.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively.

Our effective income tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 differed from the 21% statutory rate primarily due to the release of valuation allowances and the effect of state income taxes. We maintain a valuation allowance for federal net operating loss carryforwards that we have concluded it is more likely than not that the related deferred tax benefits will not be realized. This valuation allowance does not prevent us from utilizing unexpired net operating losses to offset taxable income in future periods. The majority of these net operating losses will either be utilized or expire between 2022 and 2024.

## Note 12: Net Income (Loss) Per Share

“Basic net income per share” is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the applicable period. “Diluted net income per share” is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus the number of dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the applicable period. Dilutive potential common shares consist of the incremental common shares issuable upon the exercise of outstanding stock options and the vesting of outstanding restricted stock units using the treasury stock method. Cash-settled restricted stock units are not settled in common shares and are therefore excluded from dilutive potential common shares. Dilutive potential common shares are excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share if their effect is antidilutive. Certain of our performance-based restricted stock units are considered contingently issuable shares and are excluded from the diluted weighted average common shares outstanding computation because the related performance-based criteria were not achieved as of the end of the reporting period.

The calculations of basic and diluted net income per share were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
<b>Numerator:</b>				
Net income	\$ 39,425	\$ 31,608	\$ 74,045	\$ 59,254
<b>Denominator:</b>				
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	47,582	48,508	48,048	48,384
Dilutive potential common shares <sup>(1)</sup>	1,108	877	1,172	857
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	48,690	49,385	49,220	49,241
<b>Net income per share:</b>				
Basic	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.65	\$ 1.54	\$ 1.22
Diluted	\$ 0.81	\$ 0.64	\$ 1.50	\$ 1.20
Shares excluded <sup>(1)</sup>	960	1,248	935	1,269

(1) Potential common shares were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share for these periods because their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

## Note 13: Subsequent Event

On August 5, 2022, and as provided for within our Senior Secured Credit Facility, we voluntarily prepaid \$35.0 million of principal outstanding under our Term Loan. We also settled the accrued and unpaid interest on the applicable principal outstanding up to, but not including, the date of prepayment.

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion provides an analysis of the Company's financial condition, cash flows, and results of operations from management's perspective and should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes thereto included under Part I, Item 1 and the section titled "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in this Form 10-Q, as well as with our consolidated financial statements, accompanying notes thereto, and "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

### Overview

Blucora, Inc. (the "**Company**," "**Blucora**," "**we**," "**our**," or "**us**") is a leading provider of integrated tax-focused wealth management services and software, assisting consumers, small business owners, tax professionals, financial professionals, and certified public accounting ("**CPA**") firms. Our mission is to enable financial success by changing the way individuals and families plan and achieve their goals through tax-advantaged solutions. We conduct our operations through two primary businesses: (1) the Wealth Management business and (2) the Tax Software business. Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "BCOR."

#### Wealth Management

Our Wealth Management business consists of the operations of Avantax Wealth Management and Avantax Planning Partners (collectively, the "**Wealth Management business**" or the "**Wealth Management segment**").

Avantax Wealth Management provides tax-focused wealth management solutions for financial professionals, tax professionals, CPA firms, and their clients. Avantax Wealth Management offers its services through its registered broker-dealer, registered investment advisor ("**RIA**"), and insurance agency subsidiaries and is a leading U.S. tax-focused independent broker-dealer. Avantax Wealth Management works with a nationwide network of financial professionals that operate as independent contractors. Avantax Wealth Management provides these financial professionals with an integrated platform of technical, practice, compliance, operations, sales, and product support tools that enable them to offer tax-advantaged planning, investing, and wealth management services to their clients.

Avantax Planning Partners is an in-house/employee-based RIA, insurance agency, and wealth management business that partners with CPA firms in order to provide their consumer and small business clients with holistic financial planning and advisory services, as well as retirement plan solutions through Avantax Retirement Plan Services. Avantax Planning Partners formerly operated as Honkamp Krueger Financial Services, Inc. ("**HKFS**"). We acquired HKFS in July 2020 (the "**HKFS Acquisition**") and subsequently rebranded it in order to create tighter brand alignment through one common and recognizable brand. Any reference to Avantax Planning Partners in this Form 10-Q is inclusive of HKFS.

#### Tax Software

Our Tax Software business consists of the operations of TaxAct, Inc. ("**TaxAct**," the "**Tax Software business**," or the "**Tax Software segment**") and provides digital tax preparation services and ancillary services for consumers, small business owners, and tax professionals through its website [www.TaxAct.com](http://www.TaxAct.com) and its mobile applications.

### Macroeconomic Environment

Our Wealth Management business is directly and indirectly affected by macroeconomic conditions and the state of global financial markets. Recent geopolitical uncertainty resulting, in part, from Russia's continued invasion of Ukraine and the measures taken in response, including government sanctions, as well as rising inflation have contributed to significant volatility and decline in global financial markets during the first half of 2022. In response to inflationary pressures, the Federal Reserve implemented three interest rate increases during the first half of 2022, including a 75 basis point increase during its June 2022 meeting, the largest individual increase since 1994. As of June 30, 2022, the target range for the federal funds rate was between 1.5% and 1.75%, however the Federal Reserve has signaled that it expects additional rate increases during the second half of 2022 to increase this range to 3% or more by the end of 2022. These factors have all led to an increased risk of economic recession and the potential for continued volatility and decline in global financial markets.

Volatility and decline in global financial markets and its impact on client asset values and transaction activity have negatively impacted Wealth Management revenues during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022.

This negative impact has been partially offset by incremental cash sweep revenue generated from an increasing interest rate environment. Based on the target range for the federal funds rate, the signaling by the Federal Reserve for additional rate increases during 2022, and current client asset values, we expect incremental cash sweep revenue should more than offset the negative impact that financial market volatility may have on Wealth Management revenues and operating income for the year ended December 31, 2022. However, if further financial market volatility results in continued decline in client asset values or if the Federal Reserve does not increase, or decreases, the federal funds rate, Wealth Management revenues and operating income would be negatively impacted.

### COVID-19 Pandemic

In our Tax Software segment, the typical seasonality of our Tax Software business has been affected by changes to tax filing deadlines resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic. The Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) delayed the start of the tax year 2020 tax season and extended the filing and payment deadline for tax year 2020 federal tax returns from April 15, 2021 to May 17, 2021. In addition, the IRS extended the federal filing and payment deadline for Texas, Louisiana, and Oklahoma to June 15, 2021. Beyond federal filings, the majority of states also extended their filing and payment deadlines for tax year 2020 state tax returns. This extension resulted in the shifting of a significant portion of Tax Software segment revenue that would typically have been expected to be earned in the first quarter to the second quarter of 2021. This change in seasonality caused significant fluctuations in our quarterly financial results and has affected the comparability of our financial results. As a result, the results of operations for the Tax Software segment are not as comparable for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 as they would have been in previous years.

For additional information on the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on our results of operations for the selected periods, see “*Results of Operations*” below. For more information related to the COVID-19 pandemic and its impact to our businesses, see Part I, Item 1A and Part II, Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Summary

(\$ in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
			Change				Change	
	2022	2021	\$	%	2022	2021	\$	%
<b>Revenue:</b>								
Wealth Management	\$ 162,669	\$ 162,395	\$ 274	0.2 %	\$ 329,072	\$ 316,886	\$ 12,186	3.8 %
Tax Software	94,214	91,917	2,297	2.5 %	235,364	215,809	19,555	9.1 %
Total revenue	256,883	254,312	2,571	1.0 %	564,436	532,695	31,741	6.0 %
<b>Operating income (loss):</b>								
Wealth Management	15,873	21,396	(5,523)	(25.8)%	32,294	40,792	(8,498)	(20.8)%
Tax Software	53,859	63,448	(9,589)	(15.1)%	111,889	114,336	(2,447)	(2.1)%
Corporate-level activity	(18,947)	(43,218)	24,271	56.2 %	(48,355)	(76,273)	27,918	36.6 %
Total operating income	50,785	41,626	9,159	22.0 %	95,828	78,855	16,973	21.5 %
Interest expense and other, net	(8,117)	(8,024)	(93)	(1.2)%	(15,958)	(15,907)	(51)	(0.3)%
Income before income taxes	42,668	33,602	9,066	27.0 %	79,870	62,948	16,922	26.9 %
Income tax expense	(3,243)	(1,994)	(1,249)	(62.6)%	(5,825)	(3,694)	(2,131)	(57.7)%
Net income	\$ 39,425	\$ 31,608	\$ 7,817	24.7 %	\$ 74,045	\$ 59,254	\$ 14,791	25.0 %

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021, net income increased \$7.8 million primarily due to the following factors:

- Wealth Management segment operating income decreased \$5.5 million primarily due to revenue headwinds caused by market volatility, coupled with increased personnel costs to drive strategic investment growth through enhanced sales and service capabilities that support our financial professionals.
- Tax Software segment operating income decreased \$9.6 million primarily due to increased investments in seasonal customer care support and tax experts and an increase in strategic advertising and marketing spend.
- Expenses within corporate-level activity decreased \$24.3 million primarily due to reduced acquisition and integration costs.
- The Company recorded income tax expense of \$3.2 million, an effective tax rate of 7.6%, for the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to income tax expense of \$2.0 million, an effective tax rate of 5.9%, for the three months ended June 30, 2021.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021, net income increased \$14.8 million primarily due to the following factors:

- Wealth Management segment operating income decreased \$8.5 million primarily due to revenue headwinds caused by market volatility, higher payout ratios to financial professionals, and incremental personnel costs.
- Tax Software segment operating income decreased \$2.4 million primarily due to the increase in customer care support costs and strategic advertising and marketing spend discussed above.
- Expenses within corporate-level activity decreased \$27.9 million primarily due to reduced acquisition and integration costs.
- The Company recorded income tax expense of \$5.8 million, an effective tax rate of 7.3%, for the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to income tax expense of \$3.7 million, an effective tax rate of 5.9%, for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

## SEGMENT REVENUE & OPERATING INCOME

The revenue and operating income amounts in this section are presented on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”) and include certain reconciling items attributable to our segments. We have two reportable segments: (1) the Wealth Management segment and (2) the Tax Software segment. Segment information is presented on a basis consistent with our current internal management financial reporting. We do not allocate certain general and administrative costs (including personnel and overhead costs), stock-based compensation, acquisition and integration costs, depreciation, amortization of acquired intangible assets, or contested proxy and other legal and consulting costs to the reportable segments. Such amounts are reflected under the heading “Corporate-level activity.” In addition, we do not allocate interest expense and other, net, or income taxes to the reportable segments.

### Wealth Management

(\$ in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change		Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2022	2021	\$	%	2022	2021	\$	%
Revenue	\$ 162,669	\$ 162,395	\$ 274	0.2 %	\$ 329,072	\$ 316,886	\$ 12,186	3.8 %
Operating income	\$ 15,873	\$ 21,396	\$ (5,523)	(25.8)%	\$ 32,294	\$ 40,792	\$ (8,498)	(20.8)%
Segment margin	9.8 %	13.2 %			9.8 %	12.9 %		

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021, Wealth Management segment operating income decreased \$5.5 million primarily due to the following factors:

- Wealth Management revenue increased \$0.3 million primarily due to increases of \$7.6 million and \$1.4 million in advisory and asset-based revenues, respectively. These increases were partially offset by an \$8.9 million decrease in commission revenue. The significant financial market volatility and decline discussed in the *Macroeconomic Environment* section above was the primary driver of revenue headwinds during the period. The impact of this volatility on our advisory revenue was not fully realized during the period due to the timing of market movements relative to when clients are billed. These revenue headwinds were partially offset by incremental cash sweep revenue generated from increases in the federal funds rate.
- Wealth Management operating expenses increased \$5.8 million primarily due to \$5.2 million of incremental personnel costs. Increased personnel costs reflect our strategic investments to drive growth through enhanced sales and service capabilities that support our financial professionals.
- Segment margin compression for the three months ended June 30, 2022, was primarily a result of the market volatility discussed above, coupled with an increase in our fixed operating expenses. For the remainder of the year, we expect to incur incremental travel and conference costs associated with reduced COVID-19 travel restrictions; however, we expect for segment margin to increase due to increases in the federal funds rate.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021, Wealth Management segment operating income decreased \$8.5 million primarily due to the following factors:

- Wealth Management revenue increased \$12.2 million primarily due to increases of \$23.7 million and \$1.8 million in advisory and asset-based revenues, respectively, partially offset by a \$13.7 million decrease in commission revenue. The increase in advisory revenue was primarily from increased client asset levels and the timing of market movements relative to when clients are billed. Commission revenue was negatively impacted by unfavorable transaction activity and volatility in global financial markets, as discussed above.
- Wealth Management operating expenses increased \$20.7 million primarily due to a \$10.8 million increase in cost of revenue resulting from increased advisory fees and commissions paid, coupled with \$8.9 million of incremental personnel costs. Higher payout ratios reflect an expansion in the number of financial professionals concentrated at higher payout levels, due in part to improved market performance during the second half of 2021, and greater retention and recruitment of higher producing financial professionals. Increased personnel costs reflect our strategic investments to drive growth through enhanced sales and service capabilities that support our financial professionals.
- Refer to the discussion above for the three months ended June 30, 2022, for further information regarding segment margin compression and our expectations for the remainder of the year.

## Sources of Revenue

Wealth Management revenue is derived from multiple sources. We track sources of revenue, primary drivers of each revenue source, and recurring revenue. In addition, we focus on several business and key financial metrics in evaluating the success of our business relationships, our resulting financial position, and operating performance. A summary of our sources of revenue and business and financial metrics is as follows:

Sources of Revenue		Primary Drivers	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	Six Months Ended June 30,		Change
			2022	2021		2022	2021	
			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial professional-driven	Advisory	- Advisory asset levels	\$ 104,155	\$ 96,508	\$ 7,647	\$ 211,324	\$ 187,627	\$ 23,697
	Commission	- Transactions - Asset levels - Product mix	42,835	51,702	(8,867)	90,490	104,236	(13,746)
Other revenue	Asset-based	- Cash balances - Interest rates - Number of accounts - Client asset levels	6,964	5,526	1,438	12,627	10,855	1,772
	Transaction and fee	- Account activity - Number of financial professionals - Number of clients - Number of accounts	8,715	8,659	56	14,631	14,168	463
Total revenue			\$ 162,669	\$ 162,395	\$ 274	\$ 329,072	\$ 316,886	\$ 12,186
Total recurring revenue			\$ 141,935	\$ 138,900	\$ 3,035	\$ 285,672	\$ 269,655	\$ 16,017
Recurring revenue rate			87.3 %	85.5 %		86.8 %	85.1 %	

Recurring revenue consists of advisory fees, trailing commissions, fees from cash sweep programs, and certain transaction and fee revenue, all as described further under the headings “Advisory revenue,” “Commission revenue,” “Asset-based revenue,” and “Transaction and fee revenue,” respectively. Certain recurring revenues are associated with asset balances and fluctuate depending on market values and current interest rates. Accordingly, our recurring revenue can be negatively impacted by adverse external market conditions. However, we believe recurring revenue is meaningful because it is not dependent upon transaction volumes or other activity-based revenues, which are more difficult to predict, particularly in declining or volatile markets.

## Business Metrics

(\$ in thousands)	June 30,		Change	
	2022	2021	\$	%
<b>Client assets balances:</b>				
Total client assets <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 76,522,066	\$ 87,814,790	\$ (11,292,724)	(12.9)%
Brokerage assets <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 39,776,018	\$ 48,373,805	\$ (8,597,787)	(17.8)%
Advisory assets <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 36,746,048	\$ 39,440,985	\$ (2,694,937)	(6.8)%
Advisory assets as a percentage of total client assets	48.0 %	44.9 %		
<b>Number of financial professionals (in ones):</b>				
Independent financial professionals <sup>(2)</sup>	3,315	3,579	(264)	(7.4)%
In-house/employee financial professionals <sup>(3)</sup>	34	27	7	25.9 %
Total number of financial professionals	3,349	3,606	(257)	(7.1)%
Advisory and commission revenue per financial professional <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 43.9	\$ 41.1	\$ 2.8	6.8 %

- (1) In connection with our ongoing integration of acquisitions, we refined the methodology by which we calculate client assets to align the methodologies within our Wealth Management segment for calculating such metrics. Specifically, such changes to the methodology include alignment to one third party data aggregator for assets not placed in custody with our clearing firm and to one consistent set of logic for all assets and transaction types. We have not recast client assets for prior periods to conform to our current presentation as we believe the changes to the calculation to be immaterial.
- (2) The number of independent financial professionals includes licensed financial professionals that work with Avantax Wealth Management and operate as independent contractors, as well as licensed referring representatives at CPA firms (approximately 162) that partner with Avantax Planning Partners.
- (3) The number of in-house/employee financial professionals includes licensed financial planning consultants, all of which are affiliated with Avantax Planning Partners.
- (4) Calculation based on advisory and commission revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**Client Assets.** Historically we have calculated total client assets to include assets that we hold directly or indirectly on behalf of clients under a safekeeping or custody arrangement or for which we provide administrative services for clients. Beginning in the second quarter of 2022, the calculation of total client assets also includes assets for which financial professionals licensed with Avantax provide administrative services to clients. Because we did not have relationships with financial professionals that had clients for whom we did not provide administrative services prior to the second quarter of 2022, our calculation of total client assets for any prior period would not have changed under our current calculation. To the extent that we or they provide more than one service for a client's assets, the value of the asset is only counted once in the total amount of total client assets. Total client assets include advisory assets, non-advisory brokerage accounts, annuities, and mutual fund positions held directly with fund companies. These assets are not reported on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Advisory assets include client assets for which we provide investment advisory and management services as a fiduciary under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. Our compensation for providing such services is typically a fee-based on the value of the advisory assets for each advisory client. These assets are not reported on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Brokerage assets represent total client assets other than advisory assets.

Total client assets decreased \$11.3 billion as of June 30, 2022 compared to June 30, 2021 primarily due to \$10.7 billion of unfavorable market changes and reinvestment levels, and net client outflows of \$0.6 billion. The \$0.6 billion of net client outflows included net client inflows of approximately \$0.4 billion during the six months ended June 30, 2022.

Advisory assets as a percentage of total client assets increased to 48.0% as of June 30, 2022, compared to 44.9% as of June 30, 2021, primarily driven by net new advisory assets of \$3.1 billion. Net new advisory assets benefited from organic growth and the conversion of off platform, direct to fund assets, when appropriate for the client, to fee-based advisory platforms that include ongoing management and which generate higher margins.

**Financial Professionals.** The number of our financial professionals decreased 7.1% as of June 30, 2022 compared to June 30, 2021, with the decrease primarily due to attrition related to lower revenue-producing financial professionals. Advisory and commission revenue per financial professional increased 6.8% for the same period, primarily due to the retention of higher revenue-producing financial professionals. The decrease in the number of financial professionals was partially offset by our continued recruitment and onboarding of independent financial professionals.

**Advisory Revenue.** Advisory revenue primarily includes fees charged to clients in advisory accounts for which we are the RIA. These fees are based on the value of assets within these advisory accounts. For advisory revenues generated by Avantax Wealth Management, advisory fees are typically billed quarterly, in advance, and the related advisory revenues are deferred and recognized ratably over the period in which our performance obligations have been completed. For advisory revenue generated by Avantax Planning Partners, advisory fees are typically billed quarterly, in arrears, and the related advisory revenues are accrued and recognized ratably over the period in which our performance obligations were completed. Because advisory fees are based on advisory assets on the last day of each quarter, our revenues are impacted, in part, by the timing of market movements relative to when clients are billed.

Advisory asset balances were as follows (in thousands):

	June 30,		Change	
	2022	2021	\$	%
Advisory assets—-independent financial professionals	\$ 31,073,772	\$ 33,950,724	\$ (2,876,952)	(8.5)%
Advisory assets—in-house/employee financial professionals	4,424,316	4,125,742	298,574	7.2 %
Retirement advisory assets—in-house/employee financial professionals	1,247,960	1,364,519	(116,559)	(8.5)%
Total advisory assets	\$ 36,746,048	\$ 39,440,985	\$ (2,694,937)	(6.8)%

The activity within our advisory assets was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of the period	\$ 40,921,292	\$ 36,774,871	\$ 42,179,051	\$ 35,603,557
Net new advisory assets	580,957	863,564	1,747,630	1,232,427
Market impact and other	(4,756,201)	1,802,550	(7,180,633)	2,605,001
Balance, end of the period	\$ 36,746,048	\$ 39,440,985	\$ 36,746,048	\$ 39,440,985
Advisory revenue	\$ 104,155	\$ 96,508	\$ 211,324	\$ 187,627
Average advisory fee rate <sup>(1)</sup>	26 bps	26 bps	51 bps	52 bps

(1) For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, average advisory fee rate equals advisory revenue for the relevant quarterly period divided by the advisory asset balance at the beginning of the relevant quarterly period. For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, average advisory fee rate equals the sum of each quarterly average advisory fee rate within the relevant year-to-date period.

Compared to June 30, 2021, advisory assets decreased \$2.7 billion, driven by a decrease of \$5.8 billion from unfavorable market changes and reinvestment levels, partially offset by a \$3.1 billion increase in net new advisory assets. Net new advisory assets benefited from organic growth and the conversion of off platform, direct to fund assets, when appropriate for the client, to fee-based advisory platforms that include ongoing management and which generate higher margins. Although ending advisory assets declined, due to the timing of market declines relative to when clients are billed, advisory revenue increased \$7.6 million and \$23.7 million compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively. The average advisory fee rates between the two periods were relatively flat.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, advisory assets declined \$4.2 billion and \$5.4 billion, respectively, primarily due to the decline in global markets discussed in the sections above.

**Commission Revenue.** The Wealth Management segment generates two types of commissions: (1) transaction-based commissions and (2) trailing commissions. Transaction-based commissions, which occur when clients trade securities or purchase investment products, represent gross commissions generated by our financial professionals. The level of transaction-based commissions can vary from period-to-period based on the overall economic environment, number of trading days in the reporting period, market volatility, interest rate fluctuations, and investment activity of our financial professionals' clients. We earn trailing commissions (a commission or fee that is paid periodically over time) on certain mutual funds and variable annuities held by clients. Trailing commissions are recurring in nature and are based on the market value of investment holdings in trail-eligible assets.

Our commission revenue, by product category and by type of commission revenue, was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change		Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2022	2021	\$	%	2022	2021	\$	%
<b>By product category:</b>								
Mutual funds	\$ 17,790	\$ 23,857	\$ (6,067)	(25.4)%	\$ 37,173	\$ 47,551	\$ (10,378)	(21.8)%
Variable annuities	15,772	18,473	(2,701)	(14.6)%	32,069	36,495	(4,426)	(12.1)%
Insurance	4,235	4,005	230	5.7 %	7,959	9,630	(1,671)	(17.4)%
General securities	5,038	5,367	(329)	(6.1)%	13,289	10,560	2,729	25.8 %
Total commission revenue	\$ 42,835	\$ 51,702	\$ (8,867)	(17.2)%	\$ 90,490	\$ 104,236	\$ (13,746)	(13.2)%
<b>By type of commission:</b>								
Transaction-based	\$ 17,881	\$ 21,076	\$ (3,195)	(15.2)%	\$ 38,505	\$ 43,443	\$ (4,938)	(11.4)%
Trailing	24,954	30,626	(5,672)	(18.5)%	51,985	60,793	(8,808)	(14.5)%
Total commission revenue	\$ 42,835	\$ 51,702	\$ (8,867)	(17.2)%	\$ 90,490	\$ 104,236	\$ (13,746)	(13.2)%

As discussed in the sections above, the declines in transaction-based and trailing commission revenues for the periods shown in the table above were primarily due to unfavorable transaction activity and volatility in global financial markets during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022.

**Asset-Based Revenue.** Asset-based revenue primarily includes fees from financial product manufacturer sponsorship programs, cash sweep programs, asset-based retirement plan service fees, and other asset-based revenues.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, asset-based revenue increased \$1.4 million and \$1.8 million, respectively. These increases were primarily due to \$2.3 million of incremental cash sweep revenue during the three and six months ended, driven by increases in the federal funds rate. The increases in cash sweep revenue were partially offset by reduced fees from sponsorship programs. Due to the timing of rate increases and the non-linear nature of upside associated with these increases, and with expectation of additional rate increases by the Federal Reserve in the second half of 2022, cash sweep revenue is expected to continue to increase for the remainder of the year.

**Transaction and Fee Revenue.** Transaction and fee revenue primarily includes support fees charged to financial professionals, fees charged for executing certain transactions in client accounts, and other fees related to services provided and other account charges as generally outlined in agreements with financial professionals, clients, financial institutions, and retirement plan sponsors.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, transaction and fee revenue remained relatively flat.

## Tax Software

(\$ in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change		Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2022	2021	\$	%	2022	2021	\$	%
Revenue	\$ 94,214	\$ 91,917	\$ 2,297	2.5 %	\$ 235,364	\$ 215,809	\$ 19,555	9.1 %
Operating income	\$ 53,859	\$ 63,448	\$ (9,589)	(15.1)%	\$ 111,889	\$ 114,336	\$ (2,447)	(2.1)%
Segment margin	57.2 %	69.0 %			47.5 %	53.0 %		

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021, Tax Software operating income decreased \$9.6 million due to the following factors:

- Tax Software revenue increased \$2.3 million primarily due to an increase in consumer e-files associated with market share growth.
- Tax Software operating expenses increased \$11.9 million primarily due to increased investments in seasonal customer care support and tax experts and an increase in strategic advertising and marketing spend. These incremental costs were the primary drivers of the reduction in segment margin shown in the table above.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021, Tax Software operating income decreased \$2.4 million due to the following factors:

- Tax Software revenue increased \$19.6 million due to a \$16.9 million increase in consumer revenue and a \$2.7 million increase in professional revenue. The growth in revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2022 was attributable to higher average revenue per unit and growth in market share from favorable customer retention and acquisition. These increases during the period were partially offset by an increase in the volume of customers that filed extensions when compared to the prior year. We expect to continue to benefit from higher average revenue per unit for the remainder of the year as customers complete returns associated with these extensions.
- Tax Software operating expenses increased \$22.0 million primarily due to increased investments in seasonal customer care support and tax experts and an increase in strategic advertising and marketing spend. These incremental costs were the primary drivers of the reduction in segment margin shown in the table above.

## Sources of Revenue

Tax Software revenue is derived primarily from the sale of tax preparation digital services, ancillary services, packaged tax preparation software, and multiple element arrangements that may include a combination of these items. Ancillary services primarily include refund payment transfer, audit defense, e-file concierge services, and Xpert Assist.

We classify Tax Software revenue into two different categories: consumer revenue and professional revenue. Consumer revenue is derived from products and services sold directly to customers primarily for the preparation of individual or business tax returns. Professional revenue represents Tax Software revenue derived from products sold to tax return preparers who utilize our offerings to service end-user customers.

Revenue by category was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change		Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2022	2021	\$	%	2022	2021	\$	%
Consumer	\$ 91,027	\$ 88,846	\$ 2,181	2.5 %	\$ 216,288	\$ 199,413	\$ 16,875	8.5 %
Professional	3,187	3,071	116	3.8 %	19,076	16,396	2,680	16.3 %
Total Tax Software revenue	\$ 94,214	\$ 91,917	\$ 2,297	2.5 %	\$ 235,364	\$ 215,809	\$ 19,555	9.1 %

### Business Metrics

We measure the performance of our Tax Software business using three sets of non-financial metrics, which we consider to be important indicators of the performance of our Tax Software business and are especially relevant through the end of a completed tax season. These non-financial metrics include key performance indicators for our total Tax Software business, in addition to the consumer and professional tax software portions of the Tax Software business:

- We measure our total tax software customers using the total number of accepted federal tax e-files completed by both our consumer tax software customers and our professional tax software customers.
- We measure our consumer tax software customers using the number of accepted federal tax e-files made through our software and digital services.
- We measure our professional tax software customers using three metrics: (1) the number of accepted federal tax e-files made through our software, (2) the number of units sold, and (3) the number of e-files per unit sold.

(In thousands, except as otherwise indicated)

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2022	2021	Units	%
Total e-files <sup>(1)</sup>	5,528	5,397	131	2.4 %
Consumer:				
Consumer e-files <sup>(1)</sup>	3,184	3,112	72	2.3 %
Professional:				
Professional e-files	2,344	2,285	59	2.6 %
Units sold (in ones)	20,927	20,692	235	1.1 %
Professional e-files per unit sold (in ones)	112.0	110.4	1.6	1.4 %

(1) We participate in the Free File Alliance that is part of an IRS partnership that provides free electronic tax filing services to taxpayers meeting certain income-based guidelines. Free File Alliance e-files are included within total e-files and consumer e-files above.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021, e-files across each category, and professional units sold, increased primarily due to growth in market share from favorable customer retention and acquisition, both of which benefited from our investments in strategic marketing spend and customer care support.

## Corporate-Level Activity

Certain corporate-level activity, including certain general and administrative costs (such as personnel and overhead costs), stock-based compensation, acquisition and integration costs, depreciation, amortization of acquired intangible assets, and contested proxy and other legal and consulting costs, is not allocated to our reportable segments.

Corporate-level activity by category was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change		Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2022	2021	\$	%	2022	2021	\$	%
Unallocated corporate-level general and administrative expenses	\$ 7,680	\$ 6,259	\$ 1,421	22.7 %	\$ 14,972	\$ 11,953	\$ 3,019	25.3 %
Stock-based compensation	5,198	5,160	38	0.7 %	11,423	10,770	653	6.1 %
Acquisition and integration	(6,792)	18,169	(24,961)	(137.4)%	(5,126)	26,272	(31,398)	(119.5)%
Depreciation	5,002	4,102	900	21.9 %	9,676	7,345	2,331	31.7 %
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	6,462	7,063	(601)	(8.5)%	13,093	14,238	(1,145)	(8.0)%
Contested proxy and other legal and consulting costs	1,397	2,465	(1,068)	(43.3)%	4,317	5,695	(1,378)	(24.2)%
Total corporate-level activity	\$ 18,947	\$ 43,218	\$ (24,271)	(56.2)%	\$ 48,355	\$ 76,273	\$ (27,918)	(36.6)%

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021, corporate-level activity decreased \$24.3 million primarily due to the following factors:

- Acquisition and integration expenses decreased \$25.0 million, primarily due to an \$18.5 million decrease in the fair value adjustments recorded for the HKFS Contingent Consideration liability between the two periods, and a \$6.4 million decrease in professional services and other expenses due to a reduction in integration activities.
- Unallocated general and administrative expenses increased \$1.4 million primarily due to incremental personnel costs.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021, corporate-level activity decreased \$27.9 million primarily due to the following factors:

- Acquisition and integration expenses decreased \$31.4 million, primarily due to a \$23.1 million decrease in the fair value adjustments recorded for the HKFS Contingent Consideration liability between the two periods, and an \$8.3 million decrease in professional services and other expenses due to a reduction in integration activities.
- Unallocated general and administrative expenses increased \$3.0 million primarily due to incremental personnel costs.
- Depreciation expense increased \$2.3 million primarily due to capitalized software costs for our Tax Software business.

## OPERATING EXPENSES

### Cost of Revenue

(\$ in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change		Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2022	2021	\$	%	2022	2021	\$	%
Wealth Management	\$ 113,644	\$ 113,910	\$ (266)	(0.2)%	\$ 233,518	\$ 222,533	\$ 10,985	4.9 %
Tax Software	6,873	4,429	2,444	55.2 %	16,299	10,007	6,292	62.9 %
Total cost of revenue	\$ 120,517	\$ 118,339	\$ 2,178	1.8 %	\$ 249,817	\$ 232,540	\$ 17,277	7.4 %
Percentage of revenue	46.9 %	46.5 %			44.3 %	43.7 %		

Cost of revenue consists of costs related to our Wealth Management and Tax Software businesses, which include commissions and advisory fees paid to independent financial professionals, payments made to CPA firms under fee sharing arrangements, amortization of forgivable loans issued to our financial professionals, third-party

costs, and costs associated with the technical support team and the operation of our data centers. Data center costs include personnel expenses, the cost of temporary help and contractors, professional services fees, software support and maintenance, bandwidth and hosting costs, and depreciation (including depreciation related to software development costs in the Tax Software segment). Cost of revenue does not include compensation paid to in-house/employee financial professionals in our Wealth Management business. The compensation of our in-house/employee financial professionals is reflected in "Sales and marketing" expense.

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021, cost of revenue increased \$2.2 million primarily due to increased Tax Software segment personnel costs and depreciation of capitalized software development costs.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021, cost of revenue increased \$17.3 million primarily due to an increase in advisory fees and commissions paid to financial professionals associated with incremental Wealth Management revenues. Payout ratios to independent financial professionals are determined based on trailing twelve-month revenues and may not immediately correlate with changes in client assets during periods of significant market volatility. Payout ratios have increased due to an expansion in the number of financial professionals concentrated at higher payout levels, due in part to improved market performance during the second half of 2021, greater retention and recruitment of higher producing financial professionals, and the alignment of our payout grids. Furthermore, the Tax Software business had increased personnel costs and depreciation of capitalized software during such period. Continued investments in internally developed software for the Tax Software business are expected to result in increased depreciation in future periods.

## Engineering and Technology

(\$ in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2022		2021		2022		2021	
Engineering and technology	\$ 8,620	\$ 7,231	\$ 1,389	19.2 %	\$ 17,124	\$ 14,359	\$ 2,765	19.3 %
Percentage of revenue	3.4 %	2.8 %			3.0 %	2.7 %		

Engineering and technology expenses are associated with the research, development, support, and ongoing enhancements of our offerings, which include personnel expenses, the cost of temporary help and contractors, software support and maintenance, bandwidth and hosting, and professional services fees. Engineering and technology expenses do not include the costs of computer hardware and software that are capitalized, depreciated over their useful lives, and recognized on the consolidated statements of operations as either "Cost of Revenue" or "Depreciation." For more information, see the "Cost of Revenue" and "Depreciation and Amortization of Acquired Intangible Assets" sections contained within this discussion of "Operating Expenses."

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021, engineering and technology expenses increased \$1.4 million primarily due to increases in personnel expenses across both segments.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021, engineering and technology expenses increased \$2.8 million primarily due to increases in personnel expenses in our Tax Software segment.

## Sales and Marketing

(\$ in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2022		2021		2022		2021	
Sales and marketing	\$ 47,508	\$ 34,848	\$ 12,660	36.3 %	\$ 131,911	\$ 112,410	\$ 19,501	17.3 %
Percentage of revenue	18.5 %	13.7 %			23.4 %	21.1 %		

Sales and marketing expenses primarily consist of marketing expenses associated with our Tax Software business (including expenses related to marketing agencies and media companies) and our Wealth Management business, personnel expenses, compensation paid to Avantax Planning Partners in-house/employee financial professionals, the cost of temporary help and contractors, and back-office processing support expenses for our Wealth Management business.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, sales and marketing expenses increased \$12.7 million and \$19.5 million, respectively, primarily due to the following factors:

- Strategic advertising and marketing costs in our Tax Software segment increased \$7.0 million and \$9.5 million, respectively.
- Personnel costs in both segments increased \$5.2 million and \$8.7 million, respectively.

### General and Administrative

(\$ in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
			Change				Change	
	2022	2021	\$	%	2022	2021	\$	%
General and administrative	\$ 26,646	\$ 23,832	\$ 2,814	11.8 %	\$ 55,721	\$ 48,517	\$ 7,204	14.8 %
Percentage of revenue	10.4 %	9.4 %			9.9 %	9.1 %		

General and administrative (“G&A”) expenses primarily consist of personnel expenses, the cost of temporary help and contractors, professional services fees, general business development and management expenses, occupancy and general office expenses, business taxes, and insurance expenses.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, G&A expenses increased \$2.8 million and \$7.2 million, respectively, primarily due to incremental personnel costs and hardware and software support and maintenance fees.

### Acquisition and Integration

(\$ in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
			Change				Change	
	2022	2021	\$	%	2022	2021	\$	%
Change in the fair value of HKFS Contingent Consideration	\$ (7,020)	\$ 11,500	\$ (18,520)	(161.0)%	\$ (5,320)	\$ 17,800	\$ (23,120)	(129.9)%
Professional services and other expenses	228	6,669	(6,441)	(96.6)%	194	8,472	(8,278)	(97.7)%
Total	\$ (6,792)	\$ 18,169	\$ (24,961)	(137.4)%	\$ (5,126)	\$ 26,272	\$ (31,398)	(119.5)%
Percentage of revenue	(2.6)%	7.1 %			(0.9)%	4.9 %		

Acquisition and integration expenses primarily relate to costs incurred for the acquisitions of Avantax Planning Partners and 1st Global and consist of employee-related expenses, professional services fees, changes in the fair value of contingent consideration, and other expenses.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, acquisition and integration expenses decreased \$25.0 million and \$31.4 million, respectively, primarily due to the following factors:

- The change in fair value of the HKFS Contingent Consideration liability declined \$18.5 million and \$23.1 million, respectively. These changes are inclusive of a \$7.0 million gain recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2022, reflecting a decrease in the fair value of the contingent consideration due to a significant decline in advisory asset levels during the second quarter of 2022, which was caused by the market decline discussed in the sections above.
- Professional services and other expenses declined \$6.4 million and \$8.3 million, respectively, due to a reduction in integration activities.

### Depreciation and Amortization of Acquired Intangible Assets

(\$ in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
			Change				Change	
	2022	2021	\$	%	2022	2021	\$	%
Depreciation	\$ 3,137	\$ 3,204	\$ (67)	(2.1)%	\$ 6,068	\$ 5,504	\$ 564	10.2 %
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	6,462	7,063	(601)	(8.5)%	13,093	14,238	(1,145)	(8.0)%
Total	\$ 9,599	\$ 10,267	\$ (668)	(6.5)%	\$ 19,161	\$ 19,742	\$ (581)	(2.9)%
Percentage of revenue	3.7 %	4.0 %			3.4 %	3.7 %		

Depreciation of property, equipment, and software, net includes depreciation of computer equipment and software (including internally developed software), office equipment and furniture, and leasehold improvements. Amortization of acquired intangible assets primarily includes the amortization of financial professional, sponsor, and customer relationships, which are amortized over their estimated lives.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, depreciation and amortization expense did not materially change.

### INTEREST EXPENSE AND OTHER, NET

<u>(\$ in thousands)</u>	<u>Three Months Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Change</u>		<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Change</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
	Interest expense	\$ 7,265	\$ 7,302	\$ (37)	(0.5)%	\$ 14,395	\$ 14,485	\$ (90)
Amortization of debt issuance costs	399	377	22	5.8 %	788	740	48	6.5 %
Amortization of debt discount	299	284	15	5.3 %	591	561	30	5.3 %
Total interest expense	7,963	7,963	—	— %	15,774	15,786	(12)	(0.1)%
Interest income and other	154	61	93	152.5 %	184	121	63	52.1 %
Interest expense and other, net	\$ 8,117	\$ 8,024	\$ 93	1.2 %	\$ 15,958	\$ 15,907	\$ 51	0.3 %

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, interest expense and other, net, did not materially change. As the interest rate on our Term Loan is variable at the London Interbank Offered Rate, we expect for our interest expense to increase in future periods due to increasing interest rates.

### INCOME TAXES

We recorded income tax expense of \$3.2 million and \$5.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively, and income tax expense of \$2.0 million and \$3.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively. The prior period interim tax provision was prepared by applying a year-to-date effective tax rate to income before income taxes. The current period interim tax provision was prepared by applying an estimated annual effective tax rate to income before income taxes and by calculating the tax effect of discrete items recognized during the quarter (if applicable).

Our effective income tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021 differed from the 21% statutory rate primarily due to the release of valuation allowances and the effect of state income taxes. We maintain a valuation allowance for federal net operating loss carryforwards that we have concluded it is more likely than not that the related deferred tax benefits will not be realized. This valuation allowance does not prevent us from utilizing unexpired net operating losses to offset taxable income in future periods. The majority of these net operating losses will either be utilized or expire between 2022 and 2024.

### NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

#### Adjusted EBITDA

We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss), determined in accordance with GAAP, excluding the effects of stock-based compensation, depreciation and amortization of acquired intangible assets, interest expense and other, net, acquisition and integration costs, contested proxy and other legal and consulting costs, and income tax expense. Interest expense and other, net primarily consists of interest expense, net. Acquisition and integration costs primarily relate to the acquisitions of Avantax Planning Partners and 1st Global.

We believe that Adjusted EBITDA provides meaningful supplemental information regarding our performance. We use this non-GAAP financial measure for internal management and compensation purposes, when publicly providing guidance on possible future results, and as a means to evaluate period-to-period comparisons. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA is a common measure used by investors and analysts to evaluate our performance, that it provides a more complete understanding of the results of operations and trends affecting our business when viewed together with GAAP results, and that management and investors benefit from referring to this non-GAAP financial measure. Items excluded from Adjusted EBITDA are significant and necessary components to the operations of our business and, therefore, Adjusted EBITDA should be considered as a supplement to, and not as a substitute for or superior to, GAAP net income (loss). Other companies may calculate Adjusted EBITDA differently and, therefore, our Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

A reconciliation of GAAP net income (loss), which we believe to be the most comparable GAAP measure, to Adjusted EBITDA, is presented below:

(\$ in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net income	\$ 39,425	\$ 31,608	\$ 74,045	\$ 59,254
Stock-based compensation	5,198	5,160	11,423	10,770
Depreciation and amortization of acquired intangible assets	11,464	11,165	22,769	21,583
Interest expense and other, net	8,117	8,024	15,958	15,907
Acquisition and integration—Excluding change in the fair value of HKFS Contingent Consideration	228	6,669	194	8,472
Acquisition and integration—Change in the fair value of HKFS Contingent Consideration	(7,020)	11,500	(5,320)	17,800
Contested proxy and other legal and consulting costs	1,397	2,465	4,317	5,695
Income tax expense	3,243	1,994	5,825	3,694
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 62,052	\$ 78,585	\$ 129,211	\$ 143,175

#### *Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) and Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) Per Share*

We define Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) as net income (loss), determined in accordance with GAAP, excluding the effects of stock-based compensation, amortization of acquired intangible assets, acquisition and integration costs, contested proxy and other legal and consulting costs, the related cash tax impact of those adjustments, and non-cash income tax (benefit) expense. We exclude the non-cash portion of income taxes because of our ability to offset a substantial portion of our cash tax liabilities by using deferred tax assets, which primarily consist of U.S. federal net operating losses. The majority of these net operating losses will expire, if not utilized, between 2022 and 2024.

We believe that Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) and Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) per share provide meaningful supplemental information to management, investors, and analysts regarding our performance and the valuation of our business by excluding items in the statement of operations that we do not consider part of our ongoing operations or that have not been, or are not expected to be, settled in cash. Additionally, we believe that Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) and Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) per share are common measures used by investors and analysts to evaluate our performance and the valuation of our business. Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) and Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) per share should be evaluated in light of our financial results prepared in accordance with GAAP and should be considered as a supplement to, and not as a substitute for or superior to, GAAP net income (loss) and GAAP net income (loss) per share. Other companies may calculate Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) and Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) per share differently, and, therefore, these measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

A reconciliation of GAAP net income (loss) and GAAP net income (loss) per share, which we believe to be the most comparable GAAP measures, to Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) and Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) per share, respectively, is presented below:

(\$ in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net income	\$ 39,425	\$ 31,608	\$ 74,045	\$ 59,254
Stock-based compensation	5,198	5,160	11,423	10,770
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	6,462	7,063	13,093	14,238
Acquisition and integration—Excluding change in the fair value of HKFS Contingent Consideration	228	6,669	194	8,472
Acquisition and integration—Change in the fair value of HKFS Contingent Consideration	(7,020)	11,500	(5,320)	17,800
Contested proxy and other legal and consulting costs	1,397	2,465	4,317	5,695
Cash tax impact of adjustments to GAAP net income	(353)	(649)	(1,312)	(1,192)
Non-cash income tax (benefit) expense	2,655	(694)	4,161	(963)
Non-GAAP Net Income	\$ 47,992	\$ 63,122	\$ 100,601	\$ 114,074
<i>Per diluted share:</i>				
Net income <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 0.81	\$ 0.64	\$ 1.50	\$ 1.20
Stock-based compensation	0.11	0.10	0.23	0.22
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	0.14	0.14	0.28	0.29
Acquisition and integration—Excluding change in the fair value of HKFS Contingent Consideration	—	0.14	—	0.17
Acquisition and integration—Change in the fair value of HKFS Contingent Consideration	(0.14)	0.23	(0.11)	0.36
Contested proxy and other legal and consulting costs	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.12
Cash tax impact of adjustments to GAAP net income	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.02)
Non-cash income tax (benefit) expense	0.05	(0.01)	0.08	(0.02)
Non-GAAP Net Income per share — Diluted	\$ 0.99	\$ 1.28	\$ 2.04	\$ 2.32
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	48,690	49,385	49,220	49,241

(1) Any difference in the “per diluted share” amounts between this table and the condensed consolidated statements of operations is due to using different diluted weighted average shares outstanding in the event that there is GAAP net loss but Non-GAAP Net Income and vice versa.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Our principal source of liquidity is our cash and cash equivalents. As of June 30, 2022, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$171.3 million. We generally invest our excess cash in money market funds that are made up of securities issued by agencies of the U.S. government. We may invest, from time-to-time, in other vehicles, such as debt instruments issued by the U.S. federal government and its agencies, international governments, municipalities, and publicly held corporations, as well as commercial paper and insured time deposits with commercial banks. Specific holdings can vary from period to period depending upon our cash requirements. Our financial instrument investments held as of June 30, 2022 had minimal default risk and short-term maturities.

Our Avantax Wealth Management broker-dealer subsidiary operates in a highly regulated industry and is subject to various regulatory capital requirements. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possible additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have substantial monetary and non-monetary impacts on Avantax Wealth Management operations. As of June 30, 2022, Avantax Wealth Management met all capital adequacy requirements to which it was subject.

Historically, we have financed our operations primarily from cash provided by operating activities and access to credit markets. Our historical uses of cash have been funding our operations, servicing our debt obligations, capital expenditures, acquisitions that enhance our strategic position, financial professional loans, contingent consideration associated with our acquisitions, and share repurchases under share repurchase programs. For at least the next twelve months, we plan to finance these cash needs and our regulatory capital requirements at our broker-dealer subsidiary largely through our cash and cash equivalents on hand and cash provided by operating activities.

Execution of our growth strategies in our Wealth Management business through strategic asset acquisitions is expected to remain a capital allocation priority during the next twelve months. However, the underlying levels of revenues and expenses that we project may not prove to be accurate, and, from time to time, we may make a determination to draw on the Revolver (as defined below) or increase the principal amount of the Term Loan (as defined below) to meet our capital requirements, subject to customary terms and conditions. Our future investments in our business through capital expenditures or acquisitions, prepayment of debt to achieve optimal leverage ratios, or our return of capital to stockholders through stock repurchases, will be determined after considering the best interests of our stockholders.

Since our results of operations are sensitive to various factors, including, among others, the level of competition we face, regulatory and legal impacts, and political and economic conditions, such factors could adversely affect our liquidity and capital resources. In addition, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, we have experienced and may continue to experience near- to mid-term volatility in our results of operations that could further increase our liquidity needs. Due to this volatility, we have taken several measures to ensure proper liquidity levels and are maintaining flexibility in our cash flows. In July 2020, we increased the principal outstanding under our Term Loan to fund the acquisition of Avantax Planning Partners and provide additional working capital flexibility. In addition, in April 2021, we increased the amount available for borrowings under the Revolver from \$65.0 million to \$90.0 million. Overall, we believe these measures provide us with the capital flexibility to satisfy our obligations, fund our operations, and invest in our business.

## Indebtedness

In May 2017, we entered into a credit agreement (as the same has been amended, the **“Credit Agreement”**) with a syndicate of lenders that provides for a term loan facility (the **“Term Loan”**) and a revolving line of credit (including a letter of credit sub-facility) (the **“Revolver”**) for working capital, capital expenditures, and general business purposes (as amended, the **“Senior Secured Credit Facility”**). The Term Loan has a maturity date of May 22, 2024 (the **“Term Loan Maturity Date”**).

On April 26, 2021, to ensure adequate liquidity and flexibility to support growth, we entered into Amendment No. 5 to the Credit Agreement (the **“Credit Agreement Amendment”**). Pursuant to the Credit Agreement Amendment, the Credit Agreement was amended to, among other things, refinance the existing \$65.0 million Revolver and add \$25.0 million of additional revolving credit commitments, for an aggregate principal amount of \$90.0 million in revolving credit commitments (the **“New Revolver”**). The New Revolver has a maturity date of February 21, 2024 (the **“New Revolver Maturity Date”**).

As of June 30, 2022, we had \$560.4 million in principal amount outstanding under the Term Loan and no amounts outstanding under the New Revolver. Based on aggregate loan commitments as of June 30, 2022, approximately \$90.0 million was available for future borrowing as of June 30, 2022 under the Senior Secured Credit Facility, subject to customary terms and conditions. In addition, the Company is required to make principal amortization payments on the Term Loan quarterly on the last business day of each March, June, September, and December, in an amount equal to approximately \$0.5 million (subject to reduction for prepayments), with the remaining principal amount of the Term Loan due on the Term Loan Maturity Date. On August 5, 2022, and as provided for within our Senior Secured Credit Facility, we voluntarily prepaid \$35.0 million of principal outstanding under our Term Loan. We also settled the accrued and unpaid interest on the applicable principal outstanding up to, but not including, the date of prepayment.

The interest rate on the Term Loan is variable at the London Interbank Offered Rate (subject to a floor of 1.0%), plus the applicable interest rate margin of 4.0% for Eurodollar Rate Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement) and 3.0% for ABR Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement). As of June 30, 2022, the applicable interest rate on the Term Loan was 5.0%. Depending on the Consolidated First Lien Net Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Credit Agreement), the applicable interest rate margin on the New Revolver ranges from 2.0% to 2.5% for Eurodollar Rate Loans and 1.0% to 1.5% for ABR Loans. The Company is required to pay a commitment fee on the undrawn commitment under the New Revolver in a percentage that is dependent on the Consolidated First Lien Net Leverage Ratio that ranges from 0.35% to 0.4%. Interest is payable at the end of each interest period, typically quarterly.

By June 2023, all U.S. Dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (**“LIBOR”**) tenors will cease to be published and floating rate instruments that used U.S. Dollar LIBOR will need to shift to a substitute base index. To minimize disruption arising from such transition, the market has begun to shift to alternative fallback rates, such as Secured Overnight Financing Rate (**“SOFR”**) as a replacement benchmark for floating rate LIBOR based loans. Unless (i)

such LIBOR tenors cease to be provided at an earlier date or (ii) we and the administrative agent to the Credit Agreement make an “early opt-in election” to replace the rate prior to cessation of LIBOR in accordance with the Credit Agreement, we will continue to have the option under the Credit Agreement to make drawdowns using 1-Day, 1-Month, 3-Month, and 6-Month tenor U.S. Dollar LIBOR until June 2023. The Credit Agreement Amendment provides for a process for transition to a fallback rate consistent with industry practice and permits the administrative agent to the Credit Agreement to apply certain updates to the Credit Agreement to effectuate the fallback rate, including a spread adjustment based on the historical basis between LIBOR and the fallback rate.

Obligations under the Senior Secured Credit Facility are guaranteed by certain of the Company’s subsidiaries and secured by substantially all the assets of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries (including certain subsidiaries acquired in the acquisition of Avantax Planning Partners and certain other material subsidiaries). The Senior Secured Credit Facility includes financial and operating covenants (including a Consolidated Total Net Leverage Ratio), which are set forth in detail in the Credit Agreement.

Pursuant to the Credit Agreement Amendment, if the Company’s usage of the New Revolver exceeds 30% of the aggregate commitments under the New Revolver on the last day of any calendar quarter, the Company shall not permit the Consolidated Total Net Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Credit Agreement) to exceed (i) 4.75 to 1.00 for the period beginning on April 1, 2021 and ending on December 31, 2021, (ii) 4.25 to 1.00 for the period beginning on January 1, 2022 and ending on September 30, 2022, (iii) 4.00 to 1.00 for the period beginning on October 1, 2022 and ending on December 31, 2022, and (iv) 3.50 to 1.00 for the period beginning on January 1, 2023 and ending on the New Revolver Maturity Date.

Except as described above, the New Revolver has substantially the same terms as the previous Revolver, including certain covenants and events of default. The Company was in compliance with the debt covenants of the Senior Secured Credit Facility as of June 30, 2022.

For additional information on the Term Loan, the New Revolver, and the Credit Agreement, see “Item 1. Financial Statements—Note 5.”

### Stock Repurchase Plan

As of December 31, 2021, we had \$100.0 million authorized under our stock repurchase plan. Pursuant to the stock repurchase plan, share repurchases may be made through a variety of methods, including open market or privately negotiated transactions. The timing and number of shares repurchased will depend on a variety of factors, including price, general business and market conditions, and alternative investment opportunities. Our repurchase program does not obligate us to repurchase any specific number of shares, may be suspended or discontinued at any time, and does not have a specified expiration date. Any repurchases of our stock pursuant to the stock repurchase plan may materially reduce the amount of cash we have available and may not materially enhance the long-term value of our business or our stock.

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, we repurchased approximately 0.2 million shares of our common stock under the stock repurchase plan for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$4.5 million.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, we repurchased approximately 1.9 million shares of our common stock under the stock repurchase plan for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$35.0 million. The remaining authorized amount under the stock repurchase plan as of June 30, 2022, was approximately \$65.0 million. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, we did not repurchase any shares of our common stock under the stock repurchase plan.

Subject to the terms of our Credit Agreement, a portion of our future capital requirements over the next twelve months may encompass share repurchases under this plan.

### Contractual Obligations and Commitments

On July 1, 2020, we closed the acquisition of Avantax Planning Partners, formerly “HKFS”, for an upfront cash purchase price of \$104.4 million. The purchase price was subject to variable contingent consideration, or earn-out payments (the “**HKFS Contingent Consideration**”), totaling a maximum of \$60.0 million.

The HKFS Contingent Consideration to be paid is determined based on advisory asset levels and the achievement of certain performance goals (i) for the period beginning July 1, 2020 and ending June 30, 2021 and (ii) for the period beginning July 1, 2021 and ending June 30, 2022. Pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of January 6, 2020, by and among the Company, HKFS, the selling stockholders named therein (the

“Sellers”), and JRD Seller Representative, LLC, as the Sellers’ representative (as amended on April 7, 2020, June 30, 2020, and June 29, 2021) (the “**HKFS Purchase Agreement**”), the maximum aggregate amount that we would be required to pay for each earn-out period is \$30.0 million. If the asset market values on the applicable measurement date fall below certain specified thresholds, no payment of consideration is owed to the Sellers for such period.

Based on advisory asset levels and the achievement of performance goals for the first earn-out period, we paid the full \$30.0 million to the Sellers in the third quarter of 2021. Based on ending advisory asset levels and the achievement of performance goals for the second earn-out period specified in the HKFS Purchase Agreement, the fair value of the HKFS Contingent Consideration was \$23.0 million as of June 30, 2022 and is expected to be paid in the third quarter of 2022. This amount is included within “Accrued expenses and other current liabilities” on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

In addition, the Company has entered into several asset purchase agreements that are accounted for as asset acquisitions. These acquisitions may include up-front cash consideration, fixed deferred cash consideration, and contingent consideration arrangements. Future fixed payments are recognized as customer relationship intangible assets on the date of acquisition. Contingent consideration arrangements encompass obligations to make future payments to the previous sellers contingent upon the achievement of future financial targets. These contingent payments are not recognized until all contingencies are resolved and the consideration is paid. As of June 30, 2022, the maximum future fixed and contingent payments associated with these asset acquisitions was \$19.2 million, with specified payment dates from 2022 through 2026.

## Cash Flows

Our cash flows were comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2022	2021	\$ Change
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 85,663	\$ 97,271	\$ (11,608)
Net cash used by investing activities	(13,648)	(14,425)	777
Net cash used by financing activities	(35,542)	(608)	(34,934)
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$ 36,473	\$ 82,238	\$ (45,765)

### Net Cash from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities consists of net income, offset by certain non-cash adjustments, and changes in operating assets and liabilities, which were as follows (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2022	2021	\$ Change
Net income	\$ 74,045	\$ 59,254	\$ 14,791
Non-cash adjustments to net income	33,561	53,438	(19,877)
Operating cash flows before changes in operating assets and liabilities	107,606	112,692	(5,086)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and disposals	(21,943)	(15,421)	(6,522)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 85,663	\$ 97,271	\$ (11,608)

Net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2022, included \$107.6 million of operating cash flows before changes in operating assets and liabilities and \$21.9 million of changes in operating assets and liabilities. Non-cash adjustments to net income for the six months ended June 30, 2022 primarily related to depreciation and amortization costs of \$22.8 million, stock-based compensation of \$11.4 million, changes in the fair value of the HKFS Contingent Consideration liability of \$5.3 million, and \$2.4 million of amortization related to payments made to financial professionals in support of ongoing growth programs. As compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021, changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions, reduced operating cash flows by \$6.5 million primarily due to \$6.9 million in payments made to financial professionals in support of ongoing growth programs, and the timing of settlement for our working capital accounts.

### Net Cash from Investing Activities

Net cash used by investing activities consists of acquisitions and purchases of property, equipment, and software, and were as follows (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2022	2021	\$ Change
Purchases of property, equipment, and software	\$ (11,790)	\$ (13,544)	\$ 1,754
Asset acquisitions	(1,858)	(881)	(977)
Net cash used by investing activities	\$ (13,648)	\$ (14,425)	\$ 777

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021, net cash used by investing activities decreased \$0.8 million primarily due to reduced internally developed capital software expenditures, partially offset by increases in cash outflows for asset acquisitions.

### Net Cash from Financing Activities

Net cash from financing activities primarily consists of debt issuance and repayments, common stock and stock-based awards transactions, and acquisition-related contingent consideration payments. Financing cash flows were as follows (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2022	2021	\$ Change
Proceeds from credit facilities, net of debt discount and issuance costs	\$ —	\$ (502)	\$ 502
Payments on credit facilities	(906)	(906)	—
Acquisition-related contingent consideration payments	(98)	—	(98)
Stock repurchases	(35,000)	—	(35,000)
Proceeds from stock option exercises	174	284	(110)
Proceeds from issuance of stock through employee stock purchase plan	2,324	1,845	479
Tax payments from shares withheld for equity awards	(2,036)	(1,329)	(707)
Net cash used by financing activities	\$ (35,542)	\$ (608)	\$ (34,934)

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021, we used \$34.9 million more cash for financing activities, primarily due to the repurchase of approximately 1.9 million shares of our common stock under the stock repurchase plan for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$35.0 million.

### Critical Accounting Estimates

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and the disclosures included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and disclosure of contingencies. In some cases, we could have reasonably used different accounting policies and estimates.

We have identified certain accounting estimates which involve a significant level of estimation uncertainty and have had or are reasonably likely to have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate the estimates used. We base our estimates on historical experience, current conditions, and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances and, based on information available to us at that time, we make judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources, as well as identify and assess our accounting treatment with respect to commitments and contingencies. Actual results may differ significantly from these estimates under different assumptions, judgments, or conditions. The critical accounting estimates which we believe to be the most critical in the preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements involve business combinations, goodwill impairment, and income taxes. We continually update and assess the facts, circumstances, and assumptions used in making both our critical accounting estimates and judgments related to our other significant accounting matters.

There have been no material changes in our critical accounting policies as disclosed under "Critical Accounting Estimates" in Part II, Item 7 and in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes to the financial instruments for which we are exposed to market risk, as disclosed within our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, during the six months ended June 30, 2022. As of June 30, 2022, we had \$560.4 million in principal amount of debt outstanding under the Term Loan of our Senior Secured Credit Facility, which carries a degree of interest rate risk. This debt has a floating rate portion of its interest rate tied to LIBOR. For further information on our outstanding debt, see “Item 1. Financial Statements—Note 5” and the section “*Liquidity and Capital Resources*” of “Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” under the subheading “Indebtedness.” A hypothetical 100 basis point increase in LIBOR on June 30, 2022 would result in a \$10.9 million increase in our interest expense until the scheduled maturity date in 2024. For additional information, see Part II, Item 7A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

#### *Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures*

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated (pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2022. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e)) were effective as of June 30, 2022.

#### *Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting*

There were no changes to our internal control over financial reporting during the six months ended June 30, 2022 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

See “Item 1. Financial Statements—Note 8” for information regarding legal proceedings.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

Our business and future results may be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties that should be considered carefully. In addition, this Form 10-Q also contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including the risks described in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the risks set forth below.

We believe that there have been no material changes in our risk factors as previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The Company has a stock repurchase plan pursuant to which we may repurchase our common stock through a variety of methods, including open market or privately negotiated transactions. As of June 30, 2022, the remaining authorized repurchases under the stock repurchase plan was \$65.0 million.

The following table details our repurchases of common stock for the six months ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands, except the average price paid per share data):

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet be Purchased under the Plans or Programs
January 1-31, 2022	190	\$ 15.73	190	\$ 97,007
February 1-28, 2022	524	\$ 18.12	524	\$ 87,510
March 1-31, 2022	931	\$ 19.39	931	\$ 69,463
April 1-30, 2022	230	\$ 19.40	230	\$ 65,000
May 1-31, 2022	—	\$ —	—	\$ 65,000
June 1-30, 2022	—	\$ —	—	\$ 65,000
Total	1,875	\$ 18.67	1,875	

### Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

### Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

### Item 5. Other Information

None.

## Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Form	Date of First Filing	Exhibit Number	Filed Herewith
<a href="#">2.1#</a>	Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of March 18, 2019, by and among 1G Acquisitions, LLC, 1st Global, Inc., 1st Global Insurance Services, Inc., the sellers named therein and joinder sellers, SAB Representative, LLC, as the sellers' representative, and Blucora, Inc., as guarantor	8-K	March 19, 2019	2.1	
<a href="#">2.2#</a>	Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of January 6, 2020, by and among Blucora, Inc., Honkamp Krueger Financial Services, Inc., the sellers named therein, and JRD Seller Representative, LLC, as the sellers' representative, as amended by First Amendment to Stock Purchase Agreement, dated April 7, 2020 and Second Amendment to Stock Purchase Agreement, dated June 30, 2020	8-K	July 1, 2020	2.1	
<a href="#">2.3#</a>	Third Amendment to Stock Purchase Agreement, dated June 29, 2021, by and among Spirit Acquisitions, LLC, Honkamp Krueger Financial Services, Inc., the sellers named therein, and JRD Seller Representative, LLC, as the sellers' representative	8-K	July 2, 2021	2.1	
<a href="#">31.1</a>	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Exchange Act rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a))				X
<a href="#">31.2</a>	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Exchange Act rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a))				X
<a href="#">32.1*</a>	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. section 1350)				X
<a href="#">32.2*</a>	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. section 1350)				X
101	The following financial statements from the Company's Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2022, formatted in Inline XBRL: (i) Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity; (iv) Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements				X
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)				X

# Schedules and exhibits have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K. Blucora, Inc. hereby undertakes to furnish supplemental copies of any of the omitted schedules and exhibits upon request by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

\* The certifications attached as Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2 are not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and are not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of Blucora, Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, whether made before or after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

### BLUCORA, INC.

By: /s/ Marc Mehlman  
Marc Mehlman  
Chief Financial Officer  
(On behalf of the registrant and as  
Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 8, 2022

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002  
(EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a))**

I, Christopher W. Walters, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Blucora, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: August 8, 2022

/s/ Christopher W. Walters  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Christopher W. Walters  
Chief Executive Officer and President  
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002  
(EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a))**

I, Marc Mehlman, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Blucora, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: August 8, 2022

/s/ Marc Mehlman

Marc Mehlman

Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002  
(18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350)**

I, Christopher W. Walters, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Blucora, Inc. for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Blucora, Inc.

Dated: August 8, 2022

By: /s/ Christopher W. Walters  
Name: Christopher W. Walters  
Title: Chief Executive Officer and President  
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002  
(18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350)**

I, Marc Mehlman, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Blucora, Inc. for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Blucora, Inc.

Dated: August 8, 2022

By: /s/ Marc Mehlman  
Name: Marc Mehlman  
Title: Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)